



OPENING NOTE

This is the third edition of our publication, focused on building a virile and efficient government that optimizes resources for the benefit of the people. We take a look at the proposed 2015 budget, especially the top talking points. We also give short notes on the levers of revenue that feed into the Nigerian budget.

We hope you enjoy this edition and also continue the discussion online via our channels.

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About BudgIT

BudgIT is a civic startup driven to make the Nigerian budget and public data more understandable and accessible across every literacy span. BudgIT's innovation within the public circle comes with a creative use of government data by either presenting these in simple tweets, interactive formats or infographic displays. We have a goal to use creative technology to intersect civic engagement and institutional reform.

Lead Partner: Oluseun Onigbinde

Research Team: Atiku Samuel, Abayomi Akinbo, Sayo Onigbinde, Tobi Babalola,

Segun Olaleye

Creative Team: Segun Adeniyi & Richard Ofunrein Contact: info@yourbudgit.com + 2347034944492

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BUDGET TERMS

- Budget is an estimate of expenditures and revenues of the government over a specified period, usually a year.
- Recurrent Expenditure is the part of the total government expenditures meant for monthly payment of salaries of government workers, payment of debts and daily running of ministries.
- Capital expenditure is the part of the government expenditures meant for capital projects (schools, hospitals & markets) in the country.
- Personnel costs are the part of recurrent expenditure of government used for the payment of salaries and pensions of government workers.
- Overhead costs are the part of recurrent expenditures of government used for daily or periodic administrative expenses.
- Debt stock is the total of domestic and external debts of the government over a period of time.
- Debt servicing is the amount of money allocated in the budget for the payment of interest or principal of domestic and external debts.
- Revenue is the total amount generated by the government over a specified period.
- Released capital expenditure is the part of the capital expenditure budget that a ministry or agency can
 access for its capital projects. This is the amount authorised by the Ministry of Finance after due
 procurement process has been fulfilled.
- Cash-backed capital expenditure is amount in cash (with Central Bank of Nigeria) available to the ministry for execution of capital projects.
- Utilised Capital Expenditure is the total amount paid out by the Ministry, Department or Agency upon the provision of a service by a contractor or agency.







NIGERIA: QUICK NUMBERS

GDP \$525.4bn

INFLATION RATE
8.4% YOY

NBS (Feb. 2015)

OIL REVENUE
(DISTRIBUTABLE)

N6.79tn
Ministry of Finance 2013
Actual figure

VALUE OF IMPORT

NO.68tn

NBS 2014 ESTIMATE

POPULATION

173.6m
World Bank (2013)

PRIVATE SECTOR CREDIT

N18.15tn
CBN (Dec 2014 Estimate)

NON-OIL REVENUE
(DISTRIBUTABLE)
N1.34tn
Ministry of Finance 2013

Áctual figure

VALUE OF EXPORT

N9.2tn

NBS 2014 ESTIMATE

EXTERNAL FOREIGN RESERVES

\$30.02bn

GOVERNMENT REVENUE

N8.14tn

Ministry of Finance 2013 Actual figure

\$3,006 WORLD BANK (2013)

OIL PRODUCTION

2.15mbpd

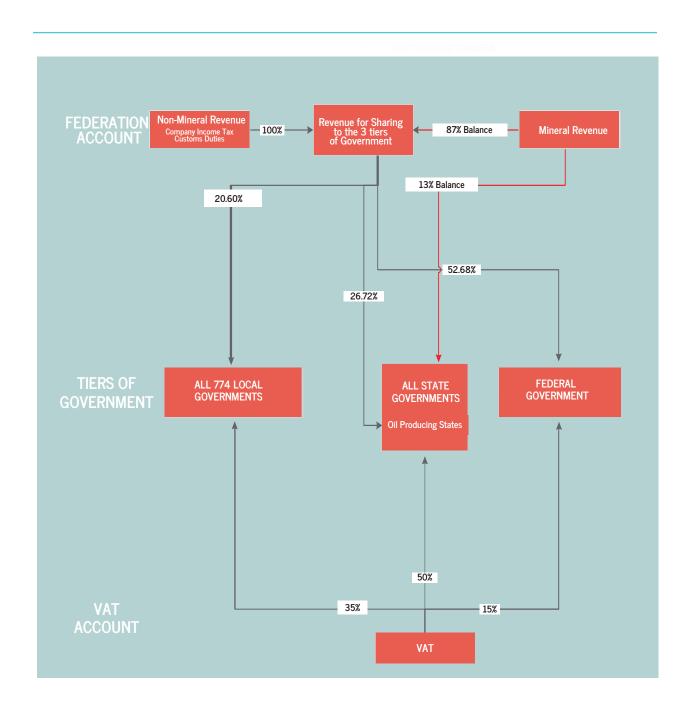
NNPC DEC. 2014 ESTIMATE







HOW IS THE FEDERATION REVENUE SHARED?

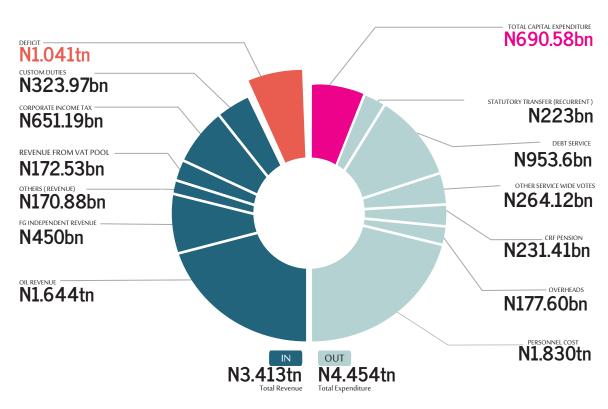








FEDERAL GOVERNMENT PROPOSED 2015 BUDGET BREAKDOWN



Source: Ministry of Finance

2015 FEDERAL GOVERNMENT BUDGET

WHERE DOES MONEY COME FROM?



₩3.41tn

Federal Government share of oil revenue from Federation Account and other independent agencies such as FAAN, CBN, NCC that generate revenue.



N1.644TRILLION



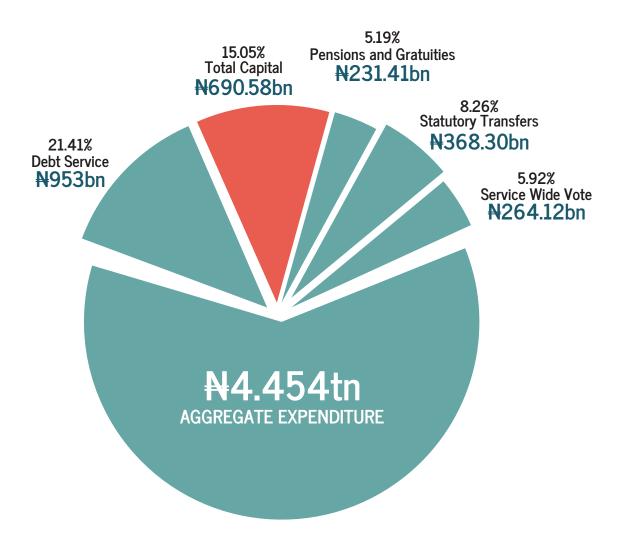
N1.214TRILLION







WHERE DOES THE MONEY GO?



45.07% **N2tn**

Personnel & Overhead Costs

Salaries, Allowance of government officials and political office holders. This also includes running costs of Ministries.

For more 2015 Budget, visit yourbudgit.com/data

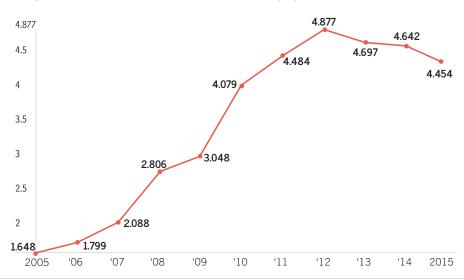
2015BUDGETIN CHARTS



Source: Budget Office of the Federation, BudgIT Research

Government plans to spend less in 2015 compared to the previous year. Nigeria is feeling the impact of falling oil prices.





Nigeria's recurrent expenditure has always exceeded the capital expenditure for infrastructure and public facilities. However, capital expenditure takes a very sharp decline in 2015.

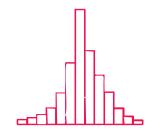
Recurrent Expenditure vs Capital Expenditure (Nbn)

■ Recurrent Expenditure ■ Capital Expenditure



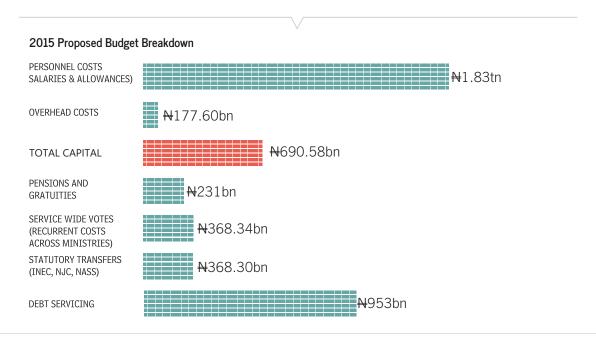
For more 2015 Budget, visit yourbudgit.com/data

2015BUDGETIN CHARTS

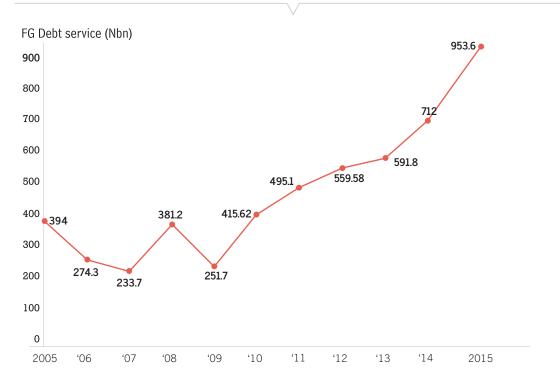


Source: Budget Office of the Federation, BudgIT Research

What is the highest item in the proposed 2015 Budget of the Federal Government? Here is a quick outlook. Do you notice that government personnel cost is FAR HIGHER than funds for capital project?



Cost of serving government debts is projected to rise in 2015. Are we raising debts at high rates? Banks and investors in public debts are smiling all the way.



2015BUDGETIN CHARTS

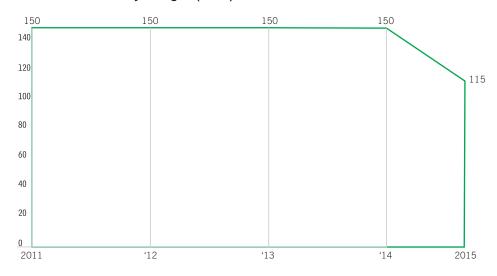


The highest costs of government are the salaries and allowance of civil servants and public officials. However, 5 out of 43 ministries spend about 68% of proposed personnel costs.



The National Assembly without any detailed breakdown takes N150bn yearly since 2011. However, the National Assembly took a cut of N45bn in the 2015 proposed expenditure plan, which many analysts believe is not enough.

National Assembly Budget (N bn)



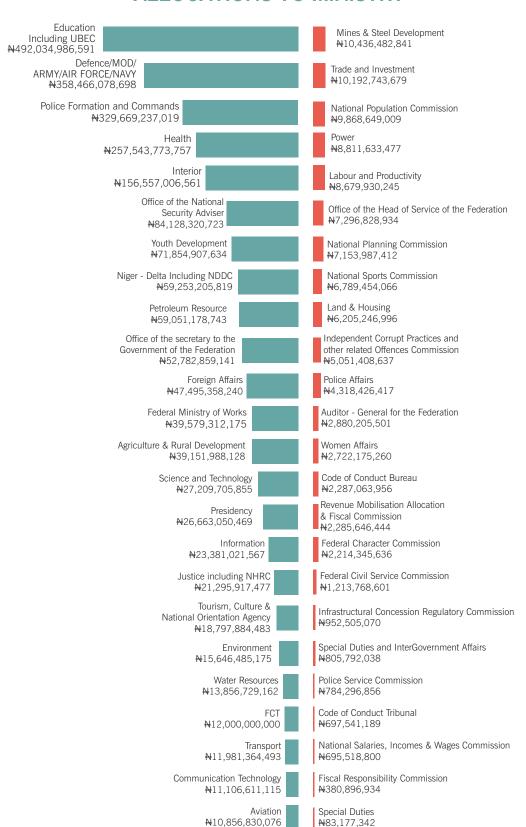






2015 FEDERAL GOVERNMENT BUDGET

ALLOCATIONS TO MINISTRY*



2015 FEDERAL GOVERNMENT BUDGET

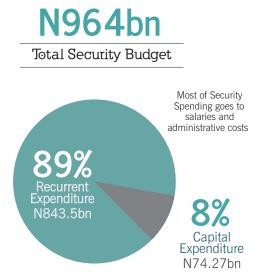
Federal Government Top 15 Ministries *

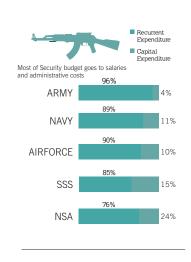
Most ministries have more reccurrent than capital expenditure except Ministry of Works, Water Resources and Niger Delta

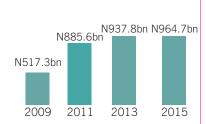


NIGERIA: SECURITY BUDGET ANALYSIS 2015 BUDGET*





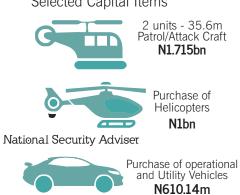




Sector Budgets

How much do security agencies budget for weapons? Selected Capital Items





DO WE NEED TO RE-ORDER OUR PRIORITIES?

2015 BUDGET









Source: Budget Office of the Federation

*As proposed by the Executive



PRESIDENTIAL AMNESTY PROGRAMME

N63.3BN

ARREARS OF 33% INCREASE
IN PENSION RATES

₩18.0BN

PAYMENT INTO THE REDEMPTION FUND (5% OF TOTAL PERSONNEL COST)

N60.3BN

CONTINGENCY

₩15.0BN

PUBLIC SERVICE WAGE ADJUSTMENT FOR MDAs (INCLUDING ARREARS OF PROMOTION AND SALARY INCREASES)

N26.7BN

GROUP LIFE INSURANCE FOR ALL MDAs INCLUDING DSS

■ N14.7BN

OPERATIONS - INTERNAL FOR THE ARMED FORCES

N22.0BN

IMPROVED REMUNERATION PACKAGE FOR THE NIGERIAN POLICE

N11.8BN

OPERATION ZAMAN LAFIYA

₩20.3BN

ARREARS OF 2014 SALARY INCREASE FOR MEDICAL DOCTORS AND OTHER HEALTH PROFESSIONAL

N11.1BN

CAPITAL INTERVENTIONS*_____



CONDITIONAL GRANTS AND SOCIAL SAFETY NETS (MDGS)



SINKING FUND FOR INFRASTRUCTURAL DEVELOPMENT



REFUND TO SPECIAL ACCOUNT



PAYMENT FOR MATURING DOMESTIC BONDS



REFUNDS TO STATES FOR FEDERAL ROADS PROJECTS



NATIONAL JOB CREATION SCHEME



BULK TRADER



SPECIAL INTERVENTION MDG



NELMCO (OUTSTANDING LIABILITIES)



*Selected top items *As proposed by the Executive

SURE-P



TOTAL AMOUNT: N70.53BN



WHERE DOES THE MONEY COMES FROM?

N21.03BN

EXPECTED INFLOW FOR 12 MONTHS

№49.5BN

ESTIMATED UNSPENT BALANCE FROM 2014

WHERE DOES THE MONEY GO? *



AUGMENTATION FOR EAST-WEST ROAD (SECTIONS I-IV)

RATE NO STATE OF THE PORTHARCOURT-MAIDUGURI RAIL

≥¥10BN

REHABILITATION OF LAGOS-SHAGAMU-IBADAN DUAL CARRIAGEWAY SECTION I IN LAGOS STATE C/NO.6204



≥N10BN

REHABILITATION OF LAGOS-SHAGAMU-IBADAN DUAL CARRIAGEWAY SECTION II IN OYO STATE C/NO.6205





№15BN

CONCESSION OF 2ND NIGER BRIDGE LINKING ANAMBRA AND DELTA STATES ON DESIGN, BUILD, FINANCE, OPERATE AND TRANSFER (DBFOT) BASIS UNDER THE PUBLIC PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP (PPP) SCHEME







COUNTERPART FUND FOR POLIO ERADICATION PROGRAMME & ROUTINE IMMUNIZATION

^{*} Selected Items

1

279MDAS

With personnel cost of N233.43bn will have nothing in terms of Projects to monitor given that the MDAs have Zero capital Budget.

2

N100M

The total capital allocation to the office of the auditor general of the federation. Will the amount be enough to build capacity given that the agency audits 601 MDAs among others and the agency is expected to have presence in 36 states.

3

N₁₆TN

Amount the chairman of the National assembly Public Accounts Committee- Solomon Olamilekan claims is excluded from the federal budget. Most MDAs hid under the "operating surplus" toga to keep huge amount of revenue - which is Largely unaudited.

4

N40BN

Allocation for constituency project in the proposed 2015 budget - down from N100bn (2014).

5

N368.34BN

Total allocation under Service wide vote. Up from N292.2bn. The amount will be spent under discretion and mostly not linked to any ministry.

tracka



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SIMPLIFYING THE NIGERIAN BUDGET

At BudgIT, we believe it is the RIGHT of every citizen to have access and also understand public budgets. We also believe budgets must be efficiently implemented for the GOOD of the people.